CHAPTER V

CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION

The research finding and discussion has presented in the previous chapter. Meanwhile, this chapter provides the conclusion and some suggestions to the reader, especially for those who concern to this topic and the next researcher when they are going to conduct study in this field.

5.1 Conclusion

The objective of this research is to explain and identify the type and function of conjunction used in the “#88 LOVE LIFE” book written by Diana Rikasari and also to explain the type of conjunction which is mostly used in the book.

From the data which were taken from the “#88 LOVE LIFE” book by Diana Rikasari, this research found a lot of conjunctions including additive conjunction is divided into simple additive relations conjunction, complex additive relations (emphatic), comparative relations, and appositive relations; adversative conjunction is divided into adversative relations (proper) and contrastive relation; causal conjunction is divided into general causal relations, reversed causal relations, and conditional relations; temporal conjunction is divided into simple temporal relations, complex temporal relations, and conclusive relations. Furthermore, the result showed that additive conjunction
the most type used in the “#88 LOVE LIFE” book by Diana Rikasari. They mostly expressed by simple additive relation using conjunction *and*.

Moreover, the functions of conjunction which were found before are as the followings. First, additive conjunction is used to indicate an addition, alternative, negative, emphatic, comparison, and exposition. Second, adversative is used to indicate contradiction and opposition. Third, causal is used to imply reasoning, to indicate cause-effect and conditional relationship. Fourth, temporal is used to indicate time order (previous and simultaneous), and conclusion. In conclusion, the function of conjunctions which are found in the “#88 LOVE LIFE” book by Diana Rikasari shows that they have an important role to make words, phrases, sentences, and even paragraphs cohesively related. As a result, they can be clearly interpreted and easy to be understood.

### 5.2 Suggestion

The present study has focused on conjunction used in the “#88 LOVE LIFE” book by Diana Rikasari. Conjunction is one of the types of cohesive device especially in the part of grammatical cohesion. In the significant and the result of this research, the researcher proposes some suggestions. The researcher expects that this research is useful for the next researchers especially the young researchers of English Letters Department at State Islamic University Sunan Ampel Surabaya who have the same interest to analyze conjunction. It is expected that the result of this research is going to help the next researchers who conduct the same field of research as reference or comparison which relevant to their
research. Besides that, it is expected for them to focus on the simple additive conjunctions because this kind of conjunction is mostly found in this research. Furthermore, they also can use another object in their research in order to present the different result of their research but still in the same field, which is conjunction.

Finally the researcher realizes that this research was still far from being perfect. So, the researcher will accept to all of good criticism and suggestion about this research in order to make it more perfect.