CHAPTER III
RESEARCH METHOD

This chapter discussed about research approach, and data collection. The approach of this research included explanation qualitative research. There are also the explanations of the data source, the instrument that used in this research, technique of data collection and technique of data analysis.

3.1 Research Approach

There are two methods that usually the researcher used in linguistics research, namely qualitative and quantitative methods. Qualitative method concerned with structures and patterns, but quantitative method concerned with numbers. It means that qualitative method is analyzing data with the description of something and quantitative is analyze data using statistical that is particular mathematics tools with numerical data (Litosseliti, 2010: 51).

In this research the researcher used qualitative method. The researcher used qualitative method because the data are in the form of sentences or utterance. It found in short story The Lottery by Shirley Jackson which contain three kinds of deixis: person, spatial and temporal deixis. Then, the researcher explains the data by descriptive explanation.

3.2 Data and Data Sources

The data in this research is the sentences and utterances in the short story The Lottery by Shirley Jackson which contains three kinds of deixis. The short story taken from book prose 1 that researcher has got in four semesters.
And the data source of this research is a Shirley Jackson’s short story entitle *The Lottery* that contains many types of deixis namely: person, place, time, discourse and social deixis.

### 3.3 Research Instrument

The instrument of this research is the researcher herself, because the researcher obtained the data by collecting and investigating used herself. An instrument is important to obtain the needed data and analyze the data. It based on Yin (2011: 122) she stated that the researcher will be serving as the main research instrument. Being the main research instrument requires fieldworkers to be aware of the instrument’s potential. These include conditions arising from the researcher personal background, motives for doing the research, and categories or filters that might influence your understanding of field events and actions.

### 3.4 Data Collection

The researcher took the data from sentences and utterances in short story *The Lottery*. The procedures of collecting data are:

1. Reading, that is the researcher read and understand the whole text of Shirley Jackson’s short story, entitled *The Lottery*.
2. Underlining, that is the researcher collect the data by underlining the the utterances that include three kinds of deixis in the texts with pen color.
3.1 Example of underlining utterances in *The Lottery*

3. Segmenting, that is the researcher segmented the data based on three kinds of deixis exist in *The Lottery* by Shirley Jackson in the form of table. The researcher put the table in appendix. The researcher gives a checkmark (✓) in the table of segmenting three kinds of deixis. Here are example table of segmenting:

**Table 3.2 Sample table of three kinds of deixis that found in *The Lottery* by Shirley Jackson**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Data</th>
<th>Three Kinds of Deixis</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Person</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>&quot;(I) Thought my old man was out back stacking wood,&quot; Mrs. Hutchinson went on. &quot;And then I looked out the window and the kids were gone, and then I remembered it</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
was the twenty seventh and came a-running." She dried her hands on her apron. (The text of short story can be seen in Appendix I, Page 3)

2 When he arrived in the square, carrying the black wooden box, there was a murmur of conversation among the villagers, and he waved and called. "Little late today, folks." (page2)

3 "Here comes your, Mr. Hutchinson," and "Bill, she made it after all." Mrs. Hutchinson reached her husband, and Mr. Summers, who had been waiting, said cheerfully. "Thought we were going to have to get on without you, Tessie." (page 3)

Note:

F: First Person Deixis

S: Second Person Deixis

T: Third Person Deixis

P: Proximal of Time or Place

D: Distal of Time or Place
3.5 Data Analysis

The researcher uses several steps to analyze the data. First, the researcher identifying sentences and utterances of the short story *The Lottery* which contains three kinds of deixis. Second, the researcher categorizing data based on deixis types, namely person deixis, spatial deixis and temporal deixis that appear in short story *The Lottery*. Third, to answer the first research problem, the researcher analyzes the data that include three kinds of deixis and gives a sign of deitic words by quotation mark and italic writing. The last, the researcher interpreting the data obtained from each category to answer the second question of this research. After analyzing the data, the researcher makes a conclusion.