CHAPTER V

CONCLUSION

This chapter presents the conclusion of the writer study of disagreement strategies. The writer makes the conclusion which is covered the result of the findings. This conclusion clearly is from the analysis of disagreement strategies applied by Dre Parker as the main character in Karate Kid movie.

Expressing disagreement is often used by people when she/he has a different opinions or ideas with their interlocutors. Therefore people must realize that they need some strategies to express disagreements appropriately in order to establish a good communication with others and to minimize the threat of the interlocutor. It is because expressing disagreement is speech activity that might threatens someone's positive face. Here, the writer is interested to analyze disagreement utterances uttered by Dre Parker as the main character in Karate Kid movie. Based on the data that have been analyzed, the types of disagreement strategies applied by Dre Parker are contradiction, counterclaim and contradiction followed by counterclaim.

After searching types of disagreement strategies based on Muntigl and Turnbull’s theory, the writer describes the contexts of disagreement strategies applied by Dre Parker as the main character in Karate Kid movie based on Hymes’s theory. She analyzes about the participants, setting, topic and event. From the contexts, the writer understands the intended meaning of the utterances when Dre Parker reveals his disagreement toward his interlocutors.
**Suggestion**

Here the writer is still limited to types of disagreement strategies and the contexts of situation when Dre Parker reveals disagreement to his interlocutors. So she suggests to researchers that they can analyze disagreement utterances relate to the power, social status or politeness so that the researchers can develop and understanding deeply about the use of disagreement. The researcher also can use disagreement topic from novel or talk show as the source data in their research. These might be a good focus for future research.